

MarinTrust Standard V2

By-product Fishery Assessment Report Template

MarinTrust Programme

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Table 1 Application details and summary of the assessment outcome

	Species:	Indian mackerel (Rastrelliger kanagurta)	
e. l	Geographical area:	FAO Areas 51 and 57 Western and eastern Indian Ocean	
Fishery Under Assessment	Country of origin of the product:	Thailand	
	Stock:	FAO Areas 51 and 57 Western and eastern Indian Ocean	
Date	13/12/2021		
Report Code	BP241		
Assessor	Virginia Polonio		
Country of origin of the product - PASS	Thailand		
Country of origin of the product - FAIL	NA		

Application details and summary of the assessment outcome						
Name: South East Asian Packaging and Canning Ltd T.C. Union Agrotech Co, Ltd						
Address:						
Country: Thailand		Zip:				
Tel. No.:		Fax. No.:				
Email address:		Applicant Code:				
Key Contact:		Title:				
Certification Body Deta	ails					
Name of Certification	Body:	Global Trust C	ertification			
Assessor Peer Reviewer		Assessment Days	Initial/Surveillance/ Re-approval			
Virginia Polonio	Vito Romito	0.5	Surveillance 2			
Assessment Period	To December 2021					



Scope Details	
Main Species	Indian mackerel (Rastrelliger Kanagurta)
Stock	Western and eastern Indian Ocean
Fishery Location	FAO Areas 51 and 57 Indian Ocean
Management Authority	Thailand Department of Fisheries
(Country/ State)	Thanand Department of Fisheries
Gear Type(s)	Purse seine and nets
Outcome of Assessment	
Peer Review Evaluation	Approved
Recommendation	APPROVED

Table 2. Assessment Determination

Assessment Determination

If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, or if it appears in the CITES appendices, it cannot be approved for use as Marin Trust raw material. Indian mackerel (*Rastrelliger kanagurta*) does not appear as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, nor does it appear in the CITES appendices; therefore, Indian mackerel is eligible for approval for use as Marin Trust raw material.

The stock is not subject to research and management measures are not in place. Therefore, following Marin Trust criteria, the stock is classified as Category D.

Given the lack of scientific information on the status of the stock, a risk-assessment approach was taken. The fishery was assessed using the risk-based Productivity, Susceptibility Analysis (PSA) as per Marin Trust v 2.0 procedures for Category D species. The species has passed this risk-based assessment (Table D3).

Indian mackerel (*Rastrelliger Kanagurta*) in Western and Eastern Indian Ocean is **APPROVED** for the production of fishmeal and fish oil under the Marin Trust v 2.0 by-products standard

Fishery Assessment Peer Review Comments

Due to the lack of management and assessment the species is correctly assessed using the PSA tool in the category D requirements. The Peer Reviewer agrees with the PSA score and that Indian mackerel (Rastrelliger Kanagurta) in Western and Eastern Indian Ocean should be APPROVED for the production of fishmeal and fish oil under the Marin Trust v 2.0 by-products standard.

Notes for On-site Auditor				
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Species Categorisation

NB: If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, or if it appears in CITES Appendix 1, it **cannot** be approved for use as an MARINTRUST raw material.

IUCN Red list Category

By-product material from a species listed by IUCN (the International Union for Conservation of Nature) under the Red List for the following categories shall immediately fail the assessment;

- EXTINCT (E) AND EXTINCT IN THE WILD (EW)
- CRITICALLY ENDANGERED (CR) facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.
- ENDANGERED (EN) facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

By-product material may be used from the following categories provided that all clauses in the MarinTrust standard are passed.

- VULNERABLE (VU) facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.
- NEAR THREATENED (NT) does not qualify for above now, but is close or is likely to qualify for, a threatened category in the near future.
- LEAST CONCERN (LC) Widespread and abundant.
- DATA DEFICIENT (DD) and NOT EVALUATED (NE)

Table 3 Species Categorisation Table

Common name	Latin name	Stock	Management	Category	IUCN Red List Category ¹	CITES Appendix 1 ²
Indian mackerel	Rastrelliger Kanagurta	Western and eastern Indian Ocean FAO 51 and 57	Thailand Department of Fisheries	D	LC	No

¹ https://www.iucnredlist.org/

² https://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php

CATEGORY D SPECIES

Category D species are those which make up less than 5% of landings and are not subject to a species-specific management regime. In the case of mixed trawl fisheries, Category D species may make up the majority of landings. The comparative lack of scientific information on the status of the population of the species means that a risk-assessment style approach must be taken.



D1	Species Name Indian mackerel (Rastrelliger Kanagurta)					
	Productivity Attribut	e Value	Score			
	Average age at maturity (years)	2.5	2			
	Average maximum age (years)	4	1			
	Fecundity (eggs/spawning)	Not known	-			
	Average maximum size (cm)	25 cm	1			
	Average size at maturity (cm)	19.9	1			
	Reproductive strategy	Broadcast spawner	1			
	Mean trophic level	3.2	2			
		Average Productivity Score	1.33			
	Susceptibility Attribu	te Value	Score			
	Overlap of adult species range with fishe	ery 50% of stock in area fished	2			
	Distribution	Throughout region				
	Distribution	THE GROOT CENT	1			
	Habitat	Moderately likely to encounter gear	2			
	2100110001011	Moderately likely to encounter				
	Habitat	Moderately likely to encounter gear	2			
	Habitat Depth range	Moderately likely to encounter gear 20-90m	2			
	Habitat Depth range Selectivity	Moderately likely to encounter gear 20-90m Species 1 -2 times mesh size	2 3 2			
	Habitat Depth range Selectivity	Moderately likely to encounter gear 20-90m Species 1 -2 times mesh size Most dead or retained	2 3 2 3			

References

Productivity attributes:

Fishbase. Rastrelliger kanagurta, Indian mackerel: fisheries, gamefish, bait (fishbase.se)



*Figure 1. Distribution maps for *Rastrelliger kanagurta* (Indian mackerel), with modelled year 2050 native range map based on IPCC RCP8.5 emissions scenario. www.aquamaps.org, version 10/2019.

Scarponi, P., G. Coro, and P. Pagano. A collection of Aquamaps native layers in NetCDF format. Data in brief 17 (2018): 292-296.



Standard clauses 1.3.2.2

Table D2 - Productivity / Susceptibility attributes and scores.

Productivity attributes	Low productivity/ High risk	Medium productivity/ Medium risk	High productivity Low risk
	Score 3	Score 2	Score 1
Average age at maturity (years)	>4	2 to 4	<2
Average maximum age (years)	>30	10 to 30	<10
Fecundity (eggs/spawning)	<1 000	1 000 to 10 000	>10 000
Average maximum size (cm)	>150	60 to 150	<60
Average size at maturity (cm)	>150	30 to 150	<30
Reproductive strategy	Live bearer, mouth brooder or significant parental investment	Demersal spawner "berried"	Broadcast spawner
Mean trophic level	>3.25	2.5-3.25	<2.5

Susceptibility attributes		High susceptibility/ High risk	Medium susceptibility/ Medium risk	Low susceptibility/ Low risk	
		Score 3	Score 2	Score 1	
Availability	1)	Overlap of adult species range with fishery	>50% of stock occurs in the area fished	Between 25% and 50% of the stock occurs in the area fished	<25% of stock occurs in the area fished
	2)	Distribution	Only in the country/ fishery	Limited range in the region	Throughout region/ global distribution
Encounterability	1)	Habitat	Habitat preference of species make it highly likely to encounter trawl gear (e.g. demersal, muddy/sandy bottom)	Habitat preference of species make it moderately likely to encounter trawl gear (e.g. rocky bottom/reefs)	Depth or distribution of species make it unlikely to encounter trawl gear (e.g. epi-pelagic or meso-pelagic)
	2)	Depth range	High overlap with trawl fishing gear (20 to 60 m depth)	Medium overlap with trawl fishing gear (10 to 20 m depth)	Low overlap with trawl fishing gear (0 to 10 m, >70 m depth)
Selectivity			Species >2 times mesh size or up to 4 m length	Species 1 to 2 times mesh size or 4 to 5 m length	Species <mesh or<br="" size="">>5 m length</mesh>
Post capture mortality			Most dead or retained Trawl tow >3 hours	Alive after net hauled Trawl tow 0.5 to 3 hours	Released alive Trawl tow <0.5 hours

Note: Availability 2 is only used when there is no information for Availability 1; the most conservative score between Encounterability 1 and 2 is used.



D3		Average Susceptibility Score		
		1 - 1.75	1.76 - 2.24	2.25 - 3
Average Productivity Score	1 - 1.75	PASS	PASS	PASS
	1.76 - 2.24	PASS	PASS	TABLE D4
	2.25 - 3	PASS	TABLE D4	TABLE D4

D4	Spe	cies Name				
	ed as Vulnerable by D1-D3 - Minimum Requirements					
	D4.1		of the fishery on this species are considered during the management le measures are taken to minimise these impacts.			
	D4.2 There is no substantial evidence that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the species.					
			Outcome:			
		easures are taken to mir	that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the species.			
Refere	ences					
Links						
MARIN	NTRUST	Standard clause	1.3.2.2, 4.1.4			
FAO C	CRF		7.5.1			
GSSI			D.5.01			